User's Guide EVGA X58 SLI3 Motherboard

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Before You Begin...

Thank you for purchasing the EVGA X58 SLI3 Motherboard. This board is designed to take the already excellent performance of the EVGA lineup and push it into the future by adding support for SATA 6Gbps and USB 3.0.

As always with this board you also get the added bonus of EVGA's industry leading 24/7 technical support in case you ever have any issues or questions.

Parts NOT in the Kit

This kit contains all the hardware necessary to install and connect your new EVGA X58 SLI3 Motherboard. However, it does not contain the following items that must be purchased separately to make the motherboard functional.

- Intel Microprocessor
- System Memory
- Cooling fan for the Microprocessor
- Graphics Card
- Power Supply

EVGA assumes you have purchased all the necessary parts needed to allow for proper system functionality.

Intentions of the Kit

This kit provides you with the motherboard and all connecting cables necessary to install the motherboard into a system case. If you are *building* a PC, you will use most of the cables provided in the kit. If however, you are *replacing* a motherboard, you will not need many of the cables.

When *replacing* a motherboard in a system case, you will need to reinstall an operating system even though the current Hard Disk Drive may already have an operating system.

EVGA X58 SLI3 Motherboard

Thank you for purchasing the EVGA X58 SLI3 Motherboard. This motherboard offers enthusiast performance and when combined with two or three SLI-Ready NVIDIA® GeForce® graphics cards, you get innovative NVIDIA® SLI® technology for enhanced system performance.

Motherboard Specifications

□ Size

ATX form factor of 12 inch x 9.6 inch

- Microprocessor support Intel Core i7 processor
- Operating systems: Supports Windows XP, Vista, and Win 7 32/64 Bit
- □ Contains INTEL X58 and ICH10R chipset
- System Memory support Supports triple channel JEDEC DDR3-1600+. Officially supports up to 24GBs of DDR3 memory.
- USB 2.0 Ports
 - > Supports hot plug
 - > Twelve USB 2.0 ports (Eight rear panel ports, four onboard USB headers)
 - Supports wake-up from S1 and S3 mode
 - Supports USB 2.0 protocol up to a 480 Mbps transmission rate
- USB 3.0 Ports
 - Supports hot plug
 - Two USB 3.0 ports
 - Backwards compatible USB 2.0 and USB 3.0 support

Supports transfer speeds up to 5Gbps

- □ Six (6) onboard SATA II
 - 300MBps data transfer rate
 - Six SATA II connectors from south bridge with support for RAID 0, RAID 1, RAID 10 and RAID 5
 - Supports hot plug and NCQ (Native Command Queuing)
- □ Two (2) SATA3 6Gbps onboard ports from Marvell 88SE9128 Chipset
- Onboard LAN
 - Integrated LAN port
 - Supports 10/100/1000 Mbit/sec Ethernet
- □ Onboard IEEE1394a (Firewire)
 - Support hot plug
 - Two IEEE1394a ports (two onboard headers) with a rate transmission of 400 Mbps
- Onboard Audio
 - Realtek High-Definition audio
 - > Supports 8-channel audio
 - Supports Jack-Sensing function
- PCI Express Support
 - Three (3) PCI-E 2.0 Slots
 - Supports up to 4 GB/sec (8 GB/sec concurrent) bandwidth
 - Low power consumption and power management features
- Green Function
 - Supports ACPI (Advanced Configuration and Power Interface)
 - Supports S0 (normal), S1 (power on suspend), S3 (suspend to RAM), S4 (Suspend to disk depends on OS), and S5 (soft off)
- Expansion Slots
 - One PCI slot
 - Two PCI Express x1 slot
 - Three PCI Express x8/x16 slots

Unpacking and Parts Descriptions

Unpacking

The EVGA X58 SLI3 Motherboard comes with all the necessary cables for adding a motherboard to a system case. If replacing a motherboard, you may not need many of these cables.

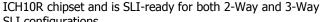
All parts shipped in this kit are RoHS-compliant (lead-free) parts.

Equipment

The following accessories are included with the EVGA X58 SLI3 Motherboard.

The EVGA X58 SLI3 Motherboard







SLI configurations.

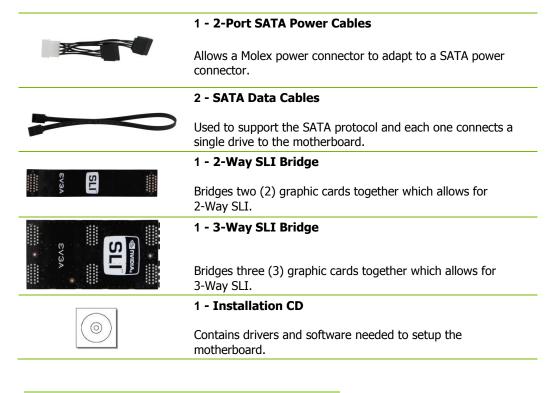
1 - Visual Guide

1 - I/O Shield

Helps to quickly and visually guide you through the hardware installation of the motherboard.

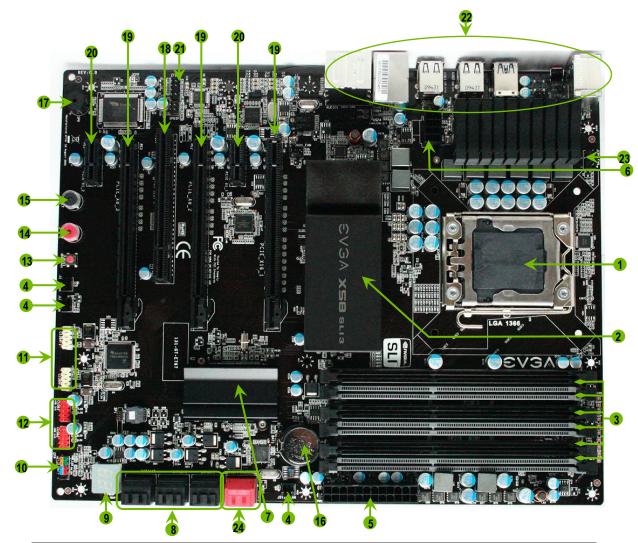
This PCI Express motherboard contains the Intel X58 and

Installs in the system case to block radio frequency transmissions, protect internal components from dust, foreign objects, and aids in proper airflow within the chassis.



EVGA X58 SLI3 Motherboard

The EVGA X58 SLI3 Motherboard with the Intel X58 and ICH10R chipset is a PCI Express, SLI-ready motherboard. Figure 1 shows the motherboard and Figures 2 shows the back panel connectors.



1.	CPU Socket 1366	11. IEEE1394a Connector	21. Front Panel Audio Connector
2.	Intel X58 Chipset	12. USB Headers	22. Back Panel Connectors (Figure 2)
3.	DDR3 DIMM Slots 1 – 6	13. Clear CMOS Button	23. CPU Fan Connector
4.	Fan Connectors	14. Power Button	24. SATA 6Gbps connectors
5.	24-Pin ATX Power Connector	15. Reset Button	
6.	8-pin ATX_12V Power Connector	16. Motherboard Battery	
7.	Intel ICH10R Chipset	17. PC Speaker	
8.	SATA II Connectors	18. PCI slots	
9.	Debug LED Display - CPU Temperature Monitor	19. PCI Express 2.0 Slots	
10.	Front Panel Connector	20. PCI Express x1 Slot	

Figure 1. EVGA X58 SLI3 Motherboard Layout



- 1. PS/2 Keyboard Port
- 2. USB 2.0 Ports (Eight)
- 3. Clear CMOS Button
- 4. USB 3.0 Ports (two)
- 5. LAN Port with LEDs to indicate status:

Activity Speed/Link

ED	Activity LED Status	Description	Speed/Link LED Status	Description
5	Off	No data transmission	Yellow	1000 Mbps data rate
	Blinking (Green)	Data transmission	Green	100 Mbps data rate
			Off	10 Mbps data rate

6.	Audio Port	2-Channel	6-Channel	8-Channel
	Blue	Line-In	Line-In	Line-In
	Green	Line-Out	Front Speaker Out	Front Speaker Out
	Pink	Mic In	Mic In	Mic In
	Orange		Center/Subwoofer	Center/Subwoofer
	Black		Rear Speaker Out	Rear Speaker Out
	Grey			Side Speaker Out

Figure 2. Chassis Back Panel Connectors

Hardware Installation

This section will guide you through the installation of the motherboard. The topics covered in this section are:

- Preparing the motherboard
 - > Installing the CPU
 - ➢ Installing the CPU fan
 - Installing the memory
- □ Installing the motherboard
- Connecting cables

Safety Instructions

To reduce the risk of fire, electric shock, and injury, always follow basic safety precautions.

Remember to remove power from your computer by disconnecting the AC main source before removing or installing any equipment from/to the computer chassis.

Preparing the Motherboard

Installing the CPU

Be very careful when handling the CPU. Hold the processor only by the edges and do not touch the bottom of the processor.

Use the following procedure to install the CPU onto the motherboard:

- 1. Unhook the socket lever by pushing *down* and *away* from the socket.
- 2. Put your finger on the tail of the load plate and press down with light pressure to lift the load plate up.
- **3.** Lift the load plate. There is a protective socket cover within the CPU socket to protect the socket when there is no CPU installed.
- **4.** Remove the protective socket cover from the CPU Socket.

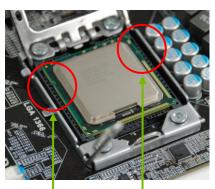


Note: Remove the process from its protective cover, making sure you hold it only by the edges. It is a good idea to save the cover so that whenever you remove the CPU you have a safe place to store it.

- **5.** Align the notches in the processor with the notches on the socket.
- 6. Lower the processor straight down into the socket with out tilting or sliding it into the socket

Note: Make sure the CPU is fully seated and level in the socket.

- **7.** Close the load plate over the CPU and press down while you close and engage the socket lever.
- **8.** The CPU installation is complete.



Align notches with notches on the CPU



Installing the CPU Fan

There are many different fan types that can be used with this motherboard. Follow the instruction that came with you fan assembly. Be sure that the fan orientation is correct for your chassis type and your fan assembly.

Installing System Memory (DIMMs)

Your new motherboard has six 240-pin slots for DDR3 memory. These slots support 1GB, 2GB, 4GB DDR3 DIMMs. There must be at least one memory bank populated to ensure normal operation. Use the following the recommendations for installing memory. (See Figure 1 on page 13 for the location of the memory slots.)

- One DIMM: If using 1 DIMM (Single Channel), install into: DIMM slot 1.
- Two or Four DIMMs: If using 2 DIMMs (Dual Channel), install into: DIMM slots 1 and 3. If using 4 DIMMs (Dual Channel), install into: DIMM slots 2, 1, 4, and 3.
- Three DIMMs: If using 3 DIMMs (Triple Channel), install into: DIMM slots 1, 3 and 5.
- □ Six DIMMs: If using more than 4 DIMMs, use: DIMM slots 2, 1, 4, and 3 then proceed to occupy the following DIMM slots in this order: 5 and 6.



Use the following

procedure to install DIMMs. Note that there is only one gap near the center of the DIMM slot. This slot matches the slot on the DIMM to ensure the component is installed properly.

- 1. Unlock a DIMM slot by pressing the module clips outward.
- **2.** Align the DIMM to the DIMM slot, and insert the module vertically into the DIMM slot. The plastic clips at both sides of the DIMM slot automatically lock the DIMM into the connector.

Installing the Motherboard

The sequence of installing the motherboard into a system case depends on the chassis you are using and if you are replacing an existing motherboard or working with an empty system case. Determine if it would be easier to make all the connections prior to this step or to secure the motherboard and then make all the connections. It is normally easier to secure the motherboard first.

Use the following procedure to install the I/O shield and secure the motherboard into the chassis.

Note: Be sure that the CPU fan assembly has enough clearance for the system case covers to lock into place and for the expansion cards. Also make sure the CPU Fan assembly is aligned with the vents on the covers. This will depend on the system case being used.

Installing the I/O Shield



The motherboard kit comes with an I/O shield that is used to block radio frequency transmissions, protects internal components from dust and foreign objects, and promotes correct airflow within the chassis.

Before installing the motherboard, install the I/O shield from the *inside* of the chassis. Press the I/O shield into place and make sure it fits securely. If the I/O shield does not fit into the chassis, you would need to obtain the proper size from the chassis supplier.

Securing the Motherboard into a System Case

Most system cases have a base with mounting studs or spacers to allow the motherboard to be secured to the chassis and help to prevent short circuits. If there are studs that do not align with a mounting hole on the motherboard, it is recommended that you remove that stud to prevent the possibility of a short circuit. In most cases, it is recommended to secure the motherboard using a minimum of nine (9) spacers and screws.

- 1. Carefully place the motherboard onto the stand off /spacers located inside the chassis.
- 2. Align the mounting holes with the studs/spacers.
- 3. Align the connectors to the I/O shield.
- **4.** Ensure that the fan assembly is aligned with the chassis vents according to the fan assembly instruction.
- 5. Secure the motherboard with a recommended minimum of nine (9) screws.

Connecting Cables

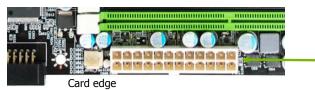
This section takes you through all the necessary connections on the motherboard. This will include:

- Power Connections
 - > 24-pin ATX power (**PW1**)
 - 8-pin ATX 12V power (PW12)
- □ Internal Headers
 - ➢ Front panel
 - ➢ IEEE 1394a
 - USB Headers
 - > Audio
- □ SATA II
- SATA 3
- Chassis Fans

USB 2.0

24-pin ATX Power (PW1)

PW1 is the main power supply connector located along the edge of the board next to the DIMM slots. Make sure that the power supply cable and pins are properly aligned with the connector on the motherboard. Firmly plug the power supply cable into the connector and make sure it is secure.



PW1 connector Plug power cable from system power supply to PW1

Figure 3. PW1 Motherboard Connector

Table 1. PW1 Pin Assignments

Connector	Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
	1	+3.3V	13	+3.3V
1 12	2	+3.3V	14	-12V
↓ ↓	3	GND	15	GND
	4	+5V	16	PS_ON
A	5	GND	17	GND
	6	+5V	18	GND
13 24	7	GND	19	GND
	8	PWROK	20	RSVD
	9	+5V_AUX	21	+5V
	10	+12V	22	+5V
	11	+12V	23	+5V
	12	+3.3V	24	GND

8-pin ATX 12V Power (PW12)

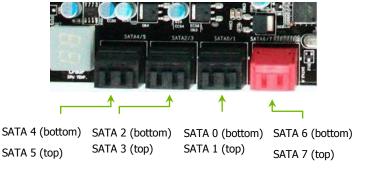
PW12, the 8-pin ATX 12V power connection, is used to provide power to the CPU. Align the pins to the connector and press firmly until seated.

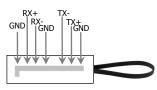
Connecting SATA Cables

The SATA II connector is used to connect the SATA II device to the motherboard. These connectors support the thin SATA II cables for primary storage devices. The current SATA II interface allows up to 300MB/s data transfer rate.

There are six (6) internal SATA connectors on this motherboard. Connection points SATA0 - SATA5, are controlled by the South Bridge Chipset. These connection points support RAID 0, RAID 1, RAID 5 and RAID 10 configurations.

There are also two (2) SATA 6Gbps Connectors on the motherboard. Connection points SATA6 and SATA7 Which connect to SATA 6Gbps capable devices and allow a maximum transfer rate of up to 6Gbps.





(SATA 6Gbps)

Connect the locking cable end to the motherboard connector. Connect the end without the lock to the SATA device.

Connecting Internal Headers

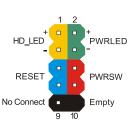
Front Panel Header

The front panel header on this motherboard is one connector used to connect the following four cables.

(see Table 2 for pin definitions):

PWRLED

Attach the front panel power LED cable to these two pins of the connector. The Power LED indicates the system's status. When the system is turn on status, the LED is on. When the system is turn off status, the LED is off. When the system is in S1, S1, S3, S4 status, the LED will blink.





Note: Some system cases do not have all four cables. Be sure to match the name on the connectors to the corresponding pins.

PWRSW

Attach the power button cable from the

case to these two pins. Pressing the power button on the front panel turns the system on and off rather than using the onboard button.

HD_LED

Attach the hard disk drive indicator LED cable to these two pins. The HDD indicator LED indicates the activity status of the hard disks.

RESET

Attach the Reset switch cable from the front panel of the case to these two pins. The system restarts when the **RESET** switch is pressed.

Table 2. Front Panel Header Pins

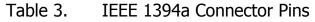
	Pin	Signal
HD LED	1	HD_PWR
	3	HD Active
PWRLED	2	PWR LED
PWKLED	4	STBY LED
RESET	5	Ground
	7	RST BTN
PWRSW	6	PWR BTN
PWKSW	8	Ground
No Connect	9	+5V
Empty	10	Empty

IEEE1394a (Firewire)

This motherboard has two (2) IEEE 1394a onboard headers. Alternatively, you can also connect these to your system case (if applicable)

- 1. Secure the bracket to either the front or rear panel of the system case (not all system cases are equipped with the front panel option).
- 2. Connect the end of the cable(s) to the IEEE1394a headers on the motherboard.

Connector	Pin	Signal
IEEE 1394a Connector	1	TPA+
ILLE 1394a Connector	2	TPA-
	3	GND
10 🔿 9	4	GND
8 0 0 7	5	TPB+
6 0 0 5	6	TPB-
	7	+12V
2 0 0 1	8	+12V
	9	Empty
	10	GND





USB Headers

This motherboard contains eight (8) USB 2.0 ports that are exposed on the rear panel of the chassis (Figure 2). The motherboard also contains two 10-pin internal header connectors onboard that can be used to connect an optional external bracket containing four USB 2.0 ports.

- 1. Secure the bracket to either the front or rear panel of your chassis (not all chassis are equipped with the front panel option).
- 2. Connect the end of the cable to the USB 2.0 header on the motherboard.





Table 4. USB 2.0 Header Pins

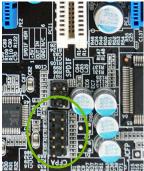
Connector	Pin	Signal
USB 2.0 Header Connector	1	5V_DUAL
	3	D-
$1 \bigcirc \bigcirc 2$ 3 \bigcirc \bigcirc 4	5	D+
5 0 0 6	7	GND
7 O O 8 9 O 10	9	Empty
	Pin	Signal
	2	5V_DUAL
	4	_
	4	D-
	4 6	D- D+
	-	

Audio

The audio connector supports HD audio standard and provides two kinds of audio output choices: the Front Audio, the Rear Audio. The front Audio supports re-tasking function.

Connector	Pin	Signal
Front Audio Connector	1	PORT1_L
	2	AUD_GND
	3	PORT1_R
6005	4	PRECENCE_J
4 0 0 3	5	PORT2_R
2 0 0 1	6	SENSE1_RETURN
	7	SENSE_SEND
	8	Empty
	9	PORT2_L
	10	SENSE2_RETURN

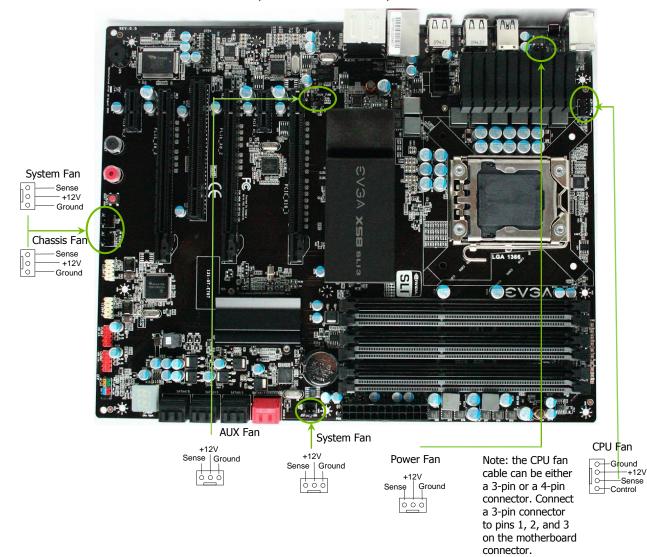
Table 5. Front Audio Connector



Card Edge

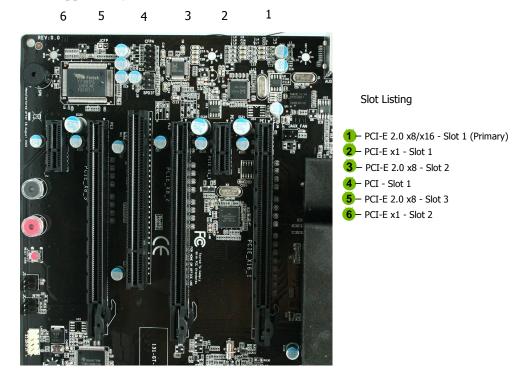
Fan Connections

There are six fan connections on the motherboard. The fan speed can be detected and viewed in the PC Health Status section of the CMOS Setup. The fans are automatically turned off after the system enters S3, S4 and S5 mode.



Expansion Slots

The EVGA X58 SLI3 Motherboard contains six (6) expansion slots, five (5) PCI Express slots and one (1) PCI slots. For a full list of PCI Express graphic cards supported by this motherboard, visit: <u>www.EVGA.com/Products</u>



PCI Slots

The PCI slot supports many expansion cards such as a LAN card, USB card, SCSI card and other cards that comply with PCI specifications. When installing a card into the PCI slot, be sure that it is fully seated. Secure the card's metal bracket to the chassis back panel with the screw used to hold the blank cover.

PCI Express x1 Slots

There is one PCI Express x1 slot that is designed to accommodate PCIe 1x cards, such as a Killer Xeno Network Card or Sound Card. The x1 slot provides 250 MB/sec bandwidth.

PCI Express x16/x8 Slots

These PCI Express slots are reserved for Graphic Cards and PCI Express x1 and x4 devices. The design of this motherboard supports multiple Graphic Card technology.

When installing a PCI Express Graphic Card, be sure the retention clip snaps and locks the card into place. If the card is not seated properly, it could cause a short across the pins. Secure the card's metal bracket to the chassis back panel with the screw used to hold the blank cover.

Onboard Buttons

These onboard buttons include RESET, POWER and Clear CMOS. These functions allow you to easily reset the system, turn on/off the system, or clear the CMOS.

Clear CMOS Button

The motherboard uses the CMOS RAM to store all the set parameters. The CMOS can be cleared by pressing the Clear CMOS button either onboard

or on the external I/O Panel.



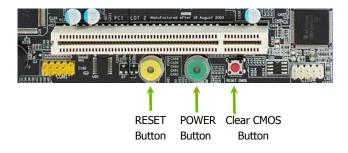
External Clear CMOS Button

RESET and POWER Button

These onboard buttons allow you to easily turn on/off the system. These buttons allow for easy debugging and testing of the system during troubleshooting situations.

The POWER button with LED indicates the system's status. When the system is powered on, the LED remains a solid red.

The RESET button with an integrated LED indicates the activity status of the hard disk drives and will flicker accordingly.



Post Port Debug LED and LED Status Indicators

Post Port Debug LED

Provides two-digit POST codes to show why the system may be failing to boot. It is useful during troubleshooting situations. This Debug LED will also display current CPU temperatures after the system has fully booted into the Operating System.



Debug LED with CPU Temperature Monitor

LED Status Indicators

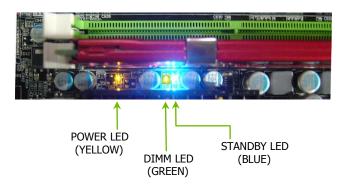
Theses LEDs indicate the system's status.

- POWER LED (Green):
 When the System is powered on: This LED is on.
- DIMM LED (Yellow):

When the Memory slot is functional: This LED is on.

STANDBY LED (Blue):

When the System is in Standby Mode: This LED is on. This LED will remain on as long as the motherboard is receiving constant power.



Configuring the BIOS

This section discusses how to change the system settings through the BIOS Setup menus. Descriptions of the BIOS parameters are also provided.

This section includes the following information:

- □ Enter BIOS Setup
- Main Menu
- □ Standard CMOS Features
- Advanced BIOS Features
- □ Integrated Peripherals
- Power Management Setup
- □ PnP/PCI Configurations
- Dec Health Status
- □ Frequency/Voltage Control

Enter BIOS Setup

The BIOS is the communication bridge between hardware and software. Correctly setting the BIOS parameters is critical to maintain optimal system performance.

Use the following procedure to verify/change BIOS settings.

- **3.** Power on the computer.
- **4.** Press the **Del** key when the following message briefly displays at the bottom of the screen during the Power On Self Test (POST).

Press F1 to continue, DEL to enter Setup.

Pressing **Del** takes you to the Phoenix-Award BIOS CMOS Setup Utility.

Note: It is *strongly* recommended that you do not change the default BIOS settings. Changing some settings could damage your computer.

Main Menu

The main menu allows you to select from the list of setup functions and two exit choices. Use the **Page Up** and **Page Down** keys to scroll through the options or press **Enter** to display the associated submenu. Use the $\uparrow\downarrow$ arrow keys to position the selector in the option you choose. To go back to the previous menu, press **Esc**.

Note: that on the BIOS screens all data in white is for information only, data in yellow is changeable, data in blue is non-changeable, and data in a red box is highlighted for selection.

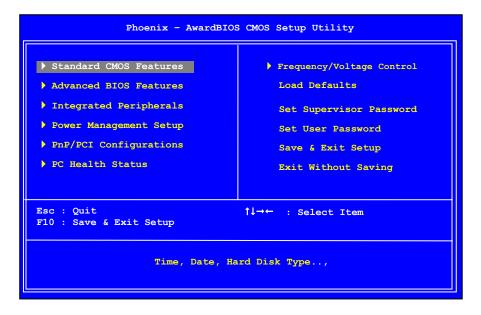


Figure 4. BIOS CMOS Setup Utility Main Menu

Given Standard CMOS Features

Use this menu to set up the basic system configuration.

Advanced BIOS Features

Use this menu to set up the advanced system features and boot sequence.

Integrated Peripherals

Use this menu to set up onboard peripherals such as IDE, RAID, USB, LAN, and MAC control.

Power Management Setup

Use this menu to configure power management, power on, and sleep features.

PnP/PCI Configurations

Use this menu to modify the system's Plug-and-Play and PCI configurations.

PC Health Status

Use this menu to monitor the real-time system status of your PC, including temperature, voltages, and fan speed.

□ Frequency/Voltage Control

Use this menu to optimize system performance and configure clocks, voltages, memory timings, and more.

The following items on the CMOS Setup Utility main menu are commands rather than submenus:

Load Fail-Safe Defaults

Load Fail-Safe defaults system settings.

Load Optimized Defaults

Load Optimized defaults system settings.

□ Set Supervisor Password/Set User Password

Use this command to set, change, and disable the password used to access the BIOS menu.

Save & Exit Setup

Use this command to save settings to CMOS and exit setup.

□ Exit Without Saving

Use this command to abandon all setting changes and exit setup.

Standard CMOS Features Menu

The Standard CMOS Features menu is used to configure the standard CMOS information, such as the date, time, HDD model, and so on. Use the **Page Up** and **Page Down** keys to scroll through the options or press **Enter** to display the sub-menu. Use the $\uparrow \downarrow$ arrow keys to position the selector in the option you choose. To go back to the previous menu, press **Esc**.

The information shown in Item Help corresponds to the option highlighted.

Date (mm:dd:yy) Time (hh:mm:ss)	Thu, <mark>Oct</mark> 23 2008 12 : 48: 23	Item Help
 SATA 0 SATA 1 SATA 2 SATA 3 SATA 4 SATA 5 	[None] [None] [None] [None] [None]	Main Level Change the day, month, year and century
Halt On Base Memory Extended Memory Total Memory	[All , But Keyboard] 640K 1047552K 1048576K	

Figure 5. Standard CMOS Features Menu

Note that all data in white is for information only, data in yellow is changeable, data in blue is non-changeable, and data in a red box is highlighted for selection.

Date and Time

Using the arrow keys, position the cursor over the month, day, and year. Use the **Page Up** and **Page Down** keys to scroll through dates and times. Note that the weekday (Sun through Sat) cannot be changed. This field changes to correspond to the date you enter. Note that the hour value is shown in a 24-hour clock format. Time is represented as hour : minute : second.

Date	(mm:dd:yy)	Sat, Jul 01 2006
Time	(hh:mm:ss)	14 : 48: 43

SATA Channel

Use these functions to detect and configure the SATA channels. Select a channel and press **Enter** to display the SATA sub-menu.

 SATA 0 SATA 1 SATA 2 SATA 3 SATA 4 SATA 5 	[None] [None] [None] [None] [None]
Press ENTER to SATA Channel su	
IDE Auto-Detect	[Press Enter]
Extended IDE Drive Access Mode	[None] Auto
Capacity	0 МВ
Cylinder Head Precomp Landing Zone	0 0 0

Press **Enter** to auto-detect IDE and SATA channels in the system. Once the channel is detected, the values for Capacity, Cylinder, Heads, Precomp, Landing Zone, and Sector are automatically filled in.

None

There is no HDD installed or set.

Auto

The system can auto-detect the hard disk when booting up.

Manual

When you set the channel to [Manual] and change Access Mode to [CHS], you can then enter the number of cylinders, heads, Precomp, landing zone, and sector. You can manually enter the values or you can press **Enter** to display a window that tells you the min and max values.

IDE HDD Auto-Detect	[Press Enter]	
IDE Channel 0 Slave	[Manual}	
Access Mode	[CHS]	
Capacity	0 MB	Press ENTER to display sub-menu or enter number manually
Cylinder	0	
Head	[0]	
Precomp	[0]	
Landing Zone	[0]	Cylinder
Sector	[0]	
		Min= 0
The BIOS supports the fo	ollowing HDD	Max=65535
11		
Access Modes:		Key in a DEC number :
> CHS		
For HDD less than 52	8 MB	
	0 10110.	
> LBA		
For HDD greater than	528 MB and	↑↓:Move ENTER:Accept ESC:Abort
supporting LBA (Logi	cal Block	
Addressing).		
ruuressing).		

Large

For HDD greater than 528 MB but not supporting LBA.

> Auto

Recommended mode.

Halt On

Halt On determines whether or not the computer stops if an error is detected during power on. Use the **Page Up** and **Page Down** keys to scroll through the options or press **Enter** to display the **Halt On** sub-menu. Use the $\uparrow \downarrow$ arrow keys to position the selector in the option you choose. Press Enter to accept the changes and return to the Standard CMOS Features menu.

Halt On	[A11	, But Keyboard]	Pre	ess ENTER to dis	play sub-menu	
the system No Err	er the BIOS detec m stops and prom	npts you.	r,	Halt On All Errors No Errors All , But Key	 board	[]
🗆 All, Bu	Keyboard					

System boot does not stop for keyboard errors, but does stop for all other errors.

Memory

These settings are *display-only values* that are determined by the BIOS POST (Power-On Self Test).

□ Base Memory

Base Memory	640K
Extended Memory	1047552K
Total Memorv	1048576K

BIOS POST determines the

amount of base (or conventional) memory installed in the system.

Extended Memory

BIOS determines how much extended memory is present during the POST.

Total Memory

This value represents the total memory of the system.

Advanced BIOS Features

Access the Advanced BIOS Features menu from the CMOS Utility Setup screen. Use the **Page Up** and **Page Down** keys to scroll through the options or press **Enter** to display the sub-menu. Use the $\uparrow \downarrow$ arrow keys to position the selector in the option you choose. To go back to the previous menu, press **Esc**.

The options that have associated sub-menus are designated by a ▶, which precedes the option. Press **Enter** to display the sub-menus.

	[Press Enter]	Item Help
CD-ROM Boot Priority First Boot Device Second Boot Device Third Boot Device Boot Other Device Boot Up NumLock Status Security Option	[Removable] [CDROM] [Hard Disk] [Enabled]	Main Level Select Removable Boot Device Priority

Figure 6. Advanced BIOS Features Menu

Note: That all data in white is for information only, data in yellow is changeable, data in blue is non-changeable, and data in a red box is highlighted for selection.

Hard Disk Boot Priority

Use this option to select the priority for HDD startup. Press **Enter** to see the list of bootable devices in your system. Use the $\uparrow\downarrow$ arrow keys to go to the various devices. Then use the + or – keys to move the device priority up or down in the list. To go back to the previous menu, press **Esc**.

1.	Ch0.		ST38	302110A
2.	Bootable	Ad	d-in	Cards

Use the + and – keys to move the priority of the device within the list

CD-ROM Device Priority

Use this option to select the priority for CD-ROM startup. Press **Enter** to see the list of removable devices in your system. Use the $\uparrow \downarrow$ arrow keys to go to the various devices. Then use the + or - keys to move the device priority up or down in the list. To go back to the previous menu, press **Esc**.

1. Ch0 M. : BENQ DVD DC DW1810

First/Second/Third Boot Device

Use this option to set the priority sequence of the devices booted at power on. Use the **Page Up** and **Page Down** keys to scroll through the options or press **Enter** to display the sub-menu. Use the $\uparrow\downarrow$ arrow keys to position the selector in the option you choose.

First Boot Device				
Removable Hard Disk CDROM Legacy LA Disabled	····· [0] ····· [] ····· [] ····· [] ····· []			
†↓:Move ENTER:Accept ESC:Abort				

Boot Other Device

With the option set to **Enable**, the system boots from some other device if the first/second/third boot devices fail.

Boot Up NumLock Status

This option allows you to select the power-on state of **NumLock**. Select <u>On</u> to activate the keyboard **NumLock** when the system is started. Select <u>Off</u> to disable the **NumLock** key.

Security Option

The Security Options allows you to require a password every time the system boots or only when you enter setup. Select Setup to require a password to gain access to the CMOS Setup screen. Select System to require a password to access the CMOS Setup screen and when the system boots.

Integrated Peripherals Menu

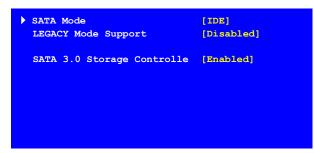
Select Integrated Peripherals from the CMOS Setup Utility menu and press **Enter** to display the Integrated Peripherals menu.

Onboard PATA/SATA Device Onboard Device	[Press Enter] [Press Enter]	Item Help
USB Device Setting		Main Level

Figure 7. Integrated Peripherals Menu

OnChip PATA/SATA Device

Press Enter to display the OnChip PATA/SATA Device menu.



SATA Mode

This is allows you set the onboard Serial SATA mode.

- **IDE**: Use the SATA hard disk drivers as Parallel ATA storage devices.
- **RAID:** Create a RAID 0, 1, 10 and 5 configuration
- AHCI: Use the AHCI (Advanced Host Controller Interface) to enables advanced SATA features for improved performance with NCQ and Hot-plug features

LEGACY Mode Support

This function allows the SATA controller to operate in LEGACY mode. Selected Disabled if you install operating system that support Native mode.

□ SATA 3.0 Storage Controller

This function allows you to enable The Marvell SATA 3.0 Controller. The options are Enabled and Disabled.

Onboard Device

Press **Enter** to display the Onboard Device menu.

PE5 Slot (PCIE x1) Realtek GigaLan (LAN1)	[Auto] [Auto]
PE4 Slot (PCIE x1)	[Auto]
Realtek Lan PXE Boot ROM	[Disabled]
TI 1394 Setting	[Enabled]
High Definition Audio	[Enabled]
P80 Show CPU Temp.	[Enabled]

□ PE5 Slot (PCIE x1)

Use this function to set the PCI-e x1 Slot function. The options are Auto, Enabled and Disabled.

Realtek GigaLan (LAN1)

Use this function to set the onboard Realtek GigaLan function for LAN1. The options are Auto, Enabled and Disabled.

□ PE4 Slot (PCIE x1)

Use this function to set the PCI-e x1 Slot function. The options are Auto, Enabled and Disabled.

Realtek Lan PXE Boot ROM

This function allows you to enable or disable the onboard Realtek Lan PXE Boot ROM for booting from LAN.

High Definition Audio

This function allows you to enable or disable the onboard Realtek High Definition Audio.

□ TI 1394 Setting

This function allows you to enable or disable the IEEE1394 (Firewire) interface.

□ P80 Show CPU Temp.

When this function is enabled the onboard Post Port LED will display the CPU temperature.

USB Device Settings

Press Enter to display the USB Device Settings menu.

USB 3.	0 Controller	[Enabled]	
USB 1.	0 Controller	[Enabled]	
USB 2.	0 Controller	[Enabled]	
USB Op	eration Mode	[High Speed]	
USB Ke	yboard Function	n [Enabled]	
USB Mc	use Function	[Enabled]	
USB St	orage Function	[Enabled]	
*** US	B Mass Storage	Device Boot Setting	***

USB 3.0 Controller

Use this function to enable the USB 3.0 controller.

USB 1.0 Controller

Use this function to enable the USB 1.0 controller.

USB 2.0 Controller

Use this function to enable the USB 2.0 (EHCI) controller.

USB Operation Mode

Select the USB Operation Mode for USB device. Options are Full/Low Speed and High Speed.

USB Keyboard Function

Use this function to enable or disable support for USB keyboard under DOS.

USB Mouse Function

Use this function to enable or disable support for USB mouse under DOS

USB Storage Function

Use this function to enable or disable legacy support of USB Mass Storage

Power Management Setup Menu

Select **Power Management Setup** from the CMOS Setup Utility menu and press **Enter** to display the Power Management Setup menu.

ACPI function APCI Suspend Type	[Enabled] [S3(STR)]	Item Help
Run VGABIOS if S3 Resume Soft-Off by PWR-BTTN Wake-Up by PCI Card USB KB Wake-Up From S3 Resume by Alarm Day of Month Alarm Time (hh:mm:ss) Alarm HPET Support HPET Mode POWER ON Function	<pre>[Auto] [Instant-Off] [Enabled] [Disabled] [Disabled] 0 0 : 0 : 0 [Enable] [32Bit Mode] [Disabled] Ctr1-F1</pre>	Main Level 🔸
\↓→←:Move Enter:Select +/-/ F5:Previous Valu	PU/PD:Value F10:Save es F7:Optimi	

Figure 8. Power Management Setup Menu

ACPI Function

This function on the Power Management Setup menu allows you to enable or disable the ACPI function.

ACPI Suspend Type

This function on the Power Management Setup menu allows you to select an ACPI Suspend Type. Types to select from are [S1&S3], [S1(POS)], and [S3(STR)].

Run VGABIOS if S3 Resume

This function on the Power Management Setup menu allows you determines whether or not to enable the system to run the VGA BIOS when resuming from S3(STR) or S1&S3. The Options are Auto, Yes and No.

Soft-Off by PWR-BTTN

This function on the Power Management Setup menu allows you to set Soft-Off by PBNT to [Instant-Off] or [Delay 4 Sec].

Wake-Up by PCI Card

This function on the Power Management Setup menu allows PCI Card to wakeup the system from Soft-off state.

USB KB Wake-Up From S3

This function on the Power Management Setup menu allows a USB keyboard device to wake-up the system from S3 state.

Resume by Alarm

This function on the Power Management Setup menu allows you to enable or disable the Power-on by alarm function. Set to **[Disable]** to prevent power-on by alarm. When set to **[Enable]**, you can manually put in the day of the month and the time of the alarm.



To enter a day or time, use the **Page Up** and **Page Down** keys to scroll through numbers or enter the number using the keyboard number or the + and – keys.

POWER ON Function

This function on the Power Management Setup menu allows you to define the power-on function. Options for this function are:

- Disabled
- □ Keyboard

Hot Key Power On

Use this function with the above "POWER ON Function" to set a combination of keys that can be used to power on the system. Options for this function are:

- □ Ctrl-Esc
- Ctrl-F1
- □ Ctrl-Space
- Anykey

PWRON after **PWR-Fail**

This function enables your computer to automatically restart or return to its last operating status after power returns from a power failure.

Off: The system stays off after a power failure.

On: The system stays on after a power failure

PnP/PCI Configuration Menu

Select PnP/PCI Configuration from the CMOS Setup Utility menu and press **Enter** to display the PnP/PCI Configuration menu.

Init Display First Reset Configuration	[PCI Slot] [Disabled]	Item Help		
Resources Controlled By x IRQ Resources	[Auto(ESCD)] Press Enter	Main Level		
PCI/VGA Palette Snoop INT Pin 1 Assignment INT Pin 2 Assignment INT Pin 3 Assignment INT Pin 4 Assignment INT Pin 5 Assignment INT Pin 6 Assignment INT Pin 8 Assignment Reserved RC For Bridge	[Auto]			
** PCI Express relative items ** Maximum Payload Size [128]				

Figure 9. PnP/PCI Configuration Menu

Init Display First

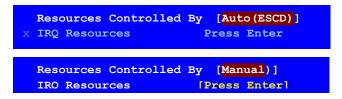
This function on the PnP/PCI Configuration menu allows you to define if the initial display is in the PCI slot or in the PCI Express slot. Options are **[PCI Slot]** and **[PCIEx]**.

Reset Configuration

This function on the PnP/PCI Configuration menu allows you to enable or disable the resetting of Extended System Configuration Data (ESCD) when you exit Setup. Set this to [Enabled] if you have installed a new add-on and the system reconfiguration has caused a serious conflict that prevents the OS from booting. The default setting is [Disabled].

Resources Controlled By

This function on the PnP/PCI Configuration menu allows you to define if the BIOS can automatically configure all the boot and plug-and-play compatible devices or if you can manually select IRQ, DMA, and memory base address fields. Select **[Auto (ESCD)]** if you want the BIOS to automatically populate these fields. If you select **[Manual]** so you can assign the resources, **IRQ Resources** is enabled for input.



IRQ Resources

To enable this field for input, set **Resources Controlled By** to **[Manual]**. With this field enabled, press **Enter** to see options.

IRQ-5	assigned	to	[PCI Device]
IRQ-9	assigned	to	[Reserved]
IRQ-10	assigned	to	[PCI Device]
IRQ-11	assigned	to	[PCI Device]
IRQ-14	assigned	to	[PCI Device]
IRQ-15	assigned	to	[PCI Device]

Use Legacy ISA for devices compliant with the original PC AT Bus specification. Use PCI/ISA PnP for devices compliant with the plug-and-play standard, whether designed for PCI or ISA Bus architecture.

PCI/VGA Palette Snoop

This item is designed to overcome problems that may be caused by some nonstandard VGA cards..

INT Pin 1/2/3/4/5/6/7/8 Assignment

This function on the PnP/PCI Configuration menu allows you to set the INT Pin 1/2/3/4/5/6/7/8 Assignment.

Maximum Payload Size

This function on the PnP/PCI Configuration menu allows you to set the maximum TLP payload size (in bytes) for the PCI Express devices. Use the **Page Up** and **Page Down** keys to scroll through sizes or enter the number using the keyboard numbers or use the **+** and **-** keys to go up and down the list of sizes.

PC Health Status Menu

Select PC Health Status from the CMOS Setup Utility menu and press **Enter** to display the PC Health Status menu.

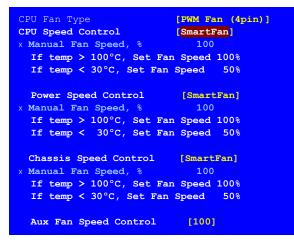
SmartFan Function	[Press Enter]	Item Help
VCC 3.3V	3.28V	
CPU Vcore	1.19V	
DIMM Voltage	1.48V	Main Level
CPU VTT Voltage	1.23V	
IOH Vcore	1.08V	
vcc	4.96V	
+12V	12.10V	
3VSB	3.23V	
VBT	3.15V	
CPU temperature	31°C	
NB temperature	55°C	
VREG temperature	50°C	
System temperature	33°C	
CPU Fan Speed	3054 RPM	
Power Fan Speed	0 RPM	
Chassis Fan Speed	0 RPM	
AUX Fan Speed	0 RPM	

Figure 10. PC Health Status Menu

All of the values shown in Blue are dynamic and change as the speed and voltages of the various components change with system usage.

SmartFan Function

Press Enter to display the SmartFan Function menu.



Use this menu to control the speed of the various fans on the motherboard. Set CPU fan speed to **[SmartFan]** when you want the speed of the fans automatically controlled based on temperature. To set the fan speed to a constant rate, select **[Manual]** and then enter the speed from 0% to 100%.

Set the desired speed for the Power and Chassis fans from 0% to 100%. The system defaults to 100%.

Frequency/Voltage Control Menu

Select Frequency/Voltage Control from the CMOS Setup Utility menu and press **Enter** to display the Frequency/Voltage Control menu.

Dummy O.C. Extreme Cooling	[Disabled] [Disabled]	Item Hel	р
	[Press Enter]		
Voltage Control		Main Level	
	[Press Enter]		
	[22X]		
CPU Host Frequency(Mhz)	[133]		
Target CPU Frequency	3066 Mhz (133x23)		
Target memory Frequency	1067 Mhz		
MCH Strap	[Auto]		
CPU Uncore Frequency (Mhz)	[Auto]		
CPU Clock Skew	[133]		
Spread Spectrum	[Disabled]		
PCIE Frequency (Mhz)			
	[Disable]		
Turbo Performance	[Disable]		
Save Profile	[Press Enter]		
Load Profile	[Press Enter]		

Figure 11. Frequency/Voltage Control Menu

Memory Feature

Select Memory Feature from the Frequency/Voltage Control menu and press **Enter** to display the Memory Feature menu.

Ph		wardBIOS CMOS Setup Ut Memory Feature	cility
Memory SPD Memory Control Set	ting	[Standard] [Disabled]	Item Help
Memory Frequency Target memory Freq	uency 1		Main Level
Channel Interleave	Setting	[6 way]	
Rank Interleave Se Memory Low Gap		[4 way] [Auto]	
Memory Low Gap		[Auco]	
Parameters	Setting	Current	
tCL Setting	[Auto]	8	
tRCD Setting	[Auto]	8	
tRP Setting	[Auto]	8	
tRAS Setting	[Auto]	19	
tRFC Setting	[Auto]	59	
Command Rate	[Auto]	1T	
tRRD Setting	[Auto]	4	
tFAW Setting	[Auto]	20	
tRTP Setting	[Auto]	4	
tWR Setting	[Auto]	8	
Round Trip Latency	[Auto]	52	
tddWrTRd Setting	[Auto]	5	
	ct +/-/PU ous Values		ESC:Exit F1:General Help ed Defaults

Figure 12. Memory Feature Menu

Memory Control Setting

This function is allows you to select the Memory Control Setting.

Memory Frequency

This function is allows you to select the Memory Frequency. The options are Auto, 800Mhz, 1067Mhz, 1333Mhz, and 1600Mhz.

□ Channel Interleave Setting

This function is allows you to select the Channel Interleave Setting. The options are 1 way, 2 way, 3 way, 4 way, 5 way and 6 way.

Rank Interleave Setting

This function is allows you to select the Rank Interleave Setting. The options are 1 way, 2 way and 4 way.

tCL Setting

This function is set the CAS latency. The options are 0 through 18.

tRCD Setting

This function is set the RAS to CAS Delay for Read/Write commands to the same bank. The options are 0 through 15.

L tRP Setting

This function is set the Row Precharge time. This is the Precharge-to-Active or Auto-to-Refresh of the same bank. The options are 0 through 15.

tRAS Setting

This function is set the minimum RAS# active time. The options are 0 through 31.

Command Rate

This function is set the command timing setting on a per clock unit basis. The options are Auto, 1T and 2T.

Voltage Control

Select Voltage Control from the Frequency/Voltage Control menu and press **Enter** to display the Voltage Control menu.

EVGA VDroop control	[With VDro	oop]	Item H	elp
CPU VCore		1.2750V		
CPU VTT Voltage				
CPU PLL Vcore	[Auto]		Main Level	
QPI PLL Vcore	[Auto]	1.100V		
DIMM Voltage	[Auto]	1.500V		
DIMM DQ Vref	[+0mv]	+0mv		
QPI PLL Vcore	[Auto]	1.100V		
IOH Vcore	[Auto]	1.100V		
IOH/ICH I/O Voltage	[Auto]	1.500V		
ICH Vcore	[Auto]	1.050V		

Figure 13. Voltage Control

EVGA VDroop Control

EVGA VDroop control is a safety measure by motherboards to protect the CPU. Select [With VDroop] to calibrate CPU VDroop or select [Without VDroop] to disable this function

CPU VCore

Use the **Page Up** and **Page Down** keys to scroll through the voltages or select [Auto] to automatically set the voltage level for the CPU Core.

CPU VTT Voltage

Use the **Page Up** and **Page Down** keys to scroll through the voltages or select [Auto] to automatically set the voltage level for the CPU VTT Voltage.

CPU PLL VCore

Use the **Page Up** and **Page Down** to scroll through the voltages or select [Auto] to automatically set the voltage level for the CPU PLL Voltage.

QPI PLL VCore

Use the **Page Up** and **Page Down** to scroll through the voltages or select [Auto] to automatically set the voltage level for the QPI PLL Voltage.

DIMM Voltage

This function defines the voltage level for the DRAM. Use the **Page Up** and **Page Down** keys to select a voltage or select [Auto] to automatically set the voltage.

DIMM DQ Vref

This function defines the voltage level for the DRAM DQ Vref. Use the **Page Up** and **Page Down** keys to select and set the voltage.

IOH VCore

This function defines the core voltage level for the Intel IOH chip. Use the **Page Up** and **Page Down** keys to select a voltage or select [Auto] to automatically set the voltage.

IOH/ICH I/O Voltage

This function defines the core voltage level for the Intel IOH/ICH I/O voltage. Use the **Page Up** and **Page Down** keys to select a voltage or select [Auto] to automatically set the voltage.

ICH VCore

This function defines the core voltage level for the Intel ICH chip. Use the **Page Up** and **Page Down** keys to select a voltage or select [Auto] to automatically set the voltage.

CPU Feature

Select <u>CPU Feature</u> from the Frequency/Voltage Control menu and press **Enter** to display the CPU Feature menu.

Phoenix - A	WardBIOS CMO CPU Featur	-	ility	
Intel SpeedStep	[Enabled]		Item	Help
Turbo Mode Function	[Enabled]			
CxE Function	[Auto]			bb
Execute Disable Bit	[Enabled]		Main Level	**
Virtualization Technology	[Enabled]			
***** Logical Processor	Setting ****	**		
Intel HT Technology	[Enabled]			
Active Processor Cores	[A11]			
***** QPI Controller Set	ting *****			
QPI Controller Setting	[Enabled]			
QPI Link Fast Mode	[Enabled]			
QPI Frequency Selection	[Auto]			
N↓→←:Move Enter:Select +/-/E F5:Previous Value			ESC:Exit F1:0	General Help

Figure 14. CPU Feature Menu

Intel SpeedStep

Use this function to enable the Intel SpeedStep technology (EIST). The options are Enabled and Disabled.

U Turbo Mode Function

Use this function to enable the Intel Turbo Mode Function. The options are Enabled and Disabled.

CxE Function

This function allows you to select the lowest C state supported according as CPU and MB. The options are Auto, Disabled, C1, C1E, C3 and C6.

Execute Disable Bit

When this function is disabled, it forces the XD feature flag to always return to zero (0).

Virtualization Technology

When this function is enabled, it allows a VMM to utilize the additional hardware capabilities provided by Intel Virtualization Technology.

Logical Processor Setting

Intel HT Technology

This function is allows you to enable the Intel HT Technology. The options are Enabled and Disabled.

Active Processor Cores

This function active number of cores to enable in each processor package. The options are All, 1 and 2.

QPI Controller Setting

QPI Controller Setting

This function is allows you to enable the QPI (QuickPath Interconnect) Controller Setting. The options are Enabled and Disabled.

QPI Link Fast Mode

This function is allows you to enable the QPI Link Fast Mode. The options are Enabled and Disabled.

QPI Frequency Selection

This function is allows you to select the QPI Frequency. The options are Auto, 4.800 GT/s, 5.866 GT/s and 6.400 GT/s.

Installing Drivers and Software

Note: It is important to remember that *before* installing the driver CD that is shipped in the kit, you need to load your operating system. The motherboard supports Windows XP 32bit and 64bit and is Vista-capable.

The kit comes with a CD that contains utilities, drivers, and additional software.

The CD that has been shipped with the EVGA X58 SLI3 Motherboard contains the following software and drivers:

- Chipset Drivers
- Audio drivers
- RAID drivers
- LAN Drivers
- Matrix Storage
- EVGA E-LEET
- Adobe Acrobat Reader
- User's Manual

Windows XP/Vista Driver Installation

- **5.** Insert the Intel X58 Express installation CD for the motherboard included in the kit.
- 6. The CD will autorun, install the drivers and utilities listed on the install screen.

If the CD does not run, go to My Computer and click on the CD to open.

Appendix A. POST Codes for the EVGA X58 SLI3 Motherboard

This section provides the Award POST Codes (Table 6) for the EVGA X58 SLI3 Motherboard during system boot up.

The POST Codes are displayed on the Debug LED readout located directly onboard the motherboard.



This Debug LED will also display current CPU temperatures after the system has fully booted into the Operating System.

Debug LED with CPU Temperature Monitor

Table 6. Award POST Code

Award	Award POST Codes		
Code	Name	Description	
01	Reserved		
02	Jumps to E000 segment	Execution of POST routines in E000	
03	Early SuperIO	Init Early Initialized the super IO	
04	Reserved		
05	Blank video	Reset Video controller	
06	Reserved		
07	Init KBC	Keyboard controller init	
08	KB test	Test the Keyboard	
09	Reserved		
0A	Mouse Init	Initialized the mouse	
0B	Reserved		
0C	Reserved		

Award	POST Codes	
Code	Name	Description
0D	Reserved	
0E	CheckSum Check	Check the integrity of the ROM, BIOS and message
0F	Reserved	
10	Autodetect EEPROM	Check Flash type and copy flash write/erase routines
11	Reserved	
12	Test CMOS	Test and Reset CMOS
13	Reserved	
14	Load Chipset	Load Chipset Defaults
15	Reserved	
16	Init Clock	Initialize onboard clock generator
17	Reserved	
18	Init CPU	CPU ID and initialize L1/L2 cache
19	Reserved	
1A	Reserved	
1B	Setup Interrupt Vector Table	Initialize first 120 interrupt vectors with SPURIOUS_INT_HDLR and initialize INT 00h-1Fh according to INT_TBL
1C	CMOS Battery Check	Test CMOS and check Battery Fail
1D	Early PM	Early PM initialization
1E	Reserved	
1F	Re-initial KB	Load keyboard matrix
20	Reserved	
21	HPM init	Init Heuristic Power Management (HPM)
22	Reserved	
23	Program chipset	Early Programming of chipset registers
24	Init PNP	Init PNP
25	Shadow VBIOS	Shadow system/video BIOS
26	Clock Gen	Init onboard clock generator and sensor

Award	POST Codes	
Code	Name	Description
27	Setup BDA	Setup BIOS DATA AREA (BDA)
28	Reserved	
29	CPU Speed detect	Chipset programming and CPU Speed detect
2A	Reserved	
2B	Init video	Initialize Video
2C	Reserved	
2D	Video memory test	Test Video Memory and display Logos
2E	Reserved	
2F	Reserved	
30	Reserved	
31	Reserved	
32	Reserved	
33	Early keyboard reset	Early Keyboard Reset
34	Reserved	
35	Test DMA Controller 0	Test DMA channel 0
36	Reserved	
37	Test DMA Controller 1	Test DMA channel 1
38	Reserved	
39	Test DMA Page Registers	Test DMA Page Registers
3A	Reserved	
3B	Reserved	
3C	Test Timer	Test 8254 Timer 0 Counter 2.
3D	Reserved	
3E	Test 8259-1 Mask	Verify 8259 Channel 1 masked interrupts by alternately turning off and on the interrupt lines.
3F	Reserved	

Award	POST Codes	
Code	Name	Description
40	Test 8259-2 Mask	Verify 8259 Channel 2 masked interrupts by alternately turning off and on the interrupt lines.
41	Reserved	
42	Reserved	
43	Test Stuck Interrupt	Turn off interrupts then verify no 8259's interrupt mask register is on. Test 8259 Force an interrupt and verify the interrupt occurred.
44	Reserved	
45	Reinit serial port	Reinitialize Preboot agent serial port
46	Reserved	
47	EISA Test	If EISA non-volatile memory checksum is good, execute EISA initialization. If not, execute ISA tests and clear EISA mode flag.
48	Reserved	
49	Size Memory	Size base memory from 256K to 640K and extended memory above 1MB.
4A	Reserved	
4B	Reserved	
4C	Reserved	
4D	Reserved	
4E	Init APIC	Initialize APIC and set MTRR
4F	Reserved	
50	USB init	Initialize USB controller
51	Reserved	
52	Memory Test	Test all memory of memory above 1MB using Virtual 8086 mode, page mode and clear the memory
53	Reserved	
54	Reserved	
55	CPU display	Detect CPU speed and display CPU vendor specific version string and turn on all necessary CPU features
56	Reserved	
57	PnP Init	PnP logo and PnP early init

Award	Award POST Codes				
Code	Name	Description			
	Display				
58	Reserved				
59	Setup Virus	Setup virus protect according to Protect Setup			
5A	Reserved				
5B	Awdflash Load	If required, will auto load Awdflash.exe in POST			
5C	Reserved				
5D	Onboard I/O	Init Initializing onboard superIO			
5E	Reserved				
5F	Reserved				
60	Setup enable	Display setup message and enable setup functions			
61	Reserved				
62	Reserved				
63	Initialize Mouse	Detect if mouse is present, initialize mouse, install interrupt vectors.			
64	Reserved				
65	PS2 Mouse special	Special treatment to PS2 Mouse port			
66	Reserved				
67	ACPI init	ACPI sub-system initializing			
68	Reserved				
69	Init Cache	Initialize cache controller			
6A	Reserved				
6B	Setup	Enter setup check and autoconfiguration check up			
6C	Reserved				
6D	Initialize Floppy	Initialize floppy disk drive			
6E	Reserved				
6F	FDD install	Install FDD and setup BIOS data area parameters			
70	Reserved				
71	Reserved				
72	Reserved				

Award POST Codes				
Code	Name	Description		
73	Initialize Hard Drive	Initialize hard drive controller		
74	Reserved			
75	Detect HDD	IDE device detection		
76	Reserved			
77	Detect serial ports	Initialize serial ports.		
78	Reserved			
79	Reserved			
7A	Detect parallel ports	Initialize parallel ports.		
7B	Reserved			
7C	HDD Write Protect	HDD check for write protection		
7D	Reserved			
7E	Reserved			
7F	POST error check	Check POST error and display them and ask for user intervention		
80	Reserved			
81	Reserved			
82	Security Check	Ask password security.		
83	Write CMOS	Write all CMOS values back to RAM and clear screen.		
84	Display PNP	Display PNP devices		
85	USB Final Init	Final USB initialization		
86	Reserved			
87	Reserved			
88	Reserved			
89	Setup ACPI tables	Setup ACPI tables		
8A	Reserved			
8B	Option ROM Detect	Scan for Option ROMs		

Award	Award POST Codes				
Code	Name	Description			
8C	Reserved				
8D	Enable Parity Check	Enable Parity Check			
8E	Reserved				
8F	IRQ12 Enable	Enable IRQ12 if mouse present			
90	Reserved				
91	Reserved				
92	Reserved				
93	Boot Medium Read	Detect and store boot partition head and cylinders values in RAM			
94	Final Init	Final init for last micro details before boot			
95	NumLock	Set NumLock status according to Setup			
96	Boot Attempt	Set low stack Boot via INT 19h.			
C0	Base CPU test	Read/Write CPU registers			
C1	Memory Presence	Base memory detect			
C2	Early Memory	Board Initialization			
С3	Extend Memory	Turn on extended memory, cache initialization			
C4	Special Display	First display initialization			
C5	Early Shadow	Early shadow enable for fast boot			
C6	Cache presence	External cache size detection			
CF	CMOS Check	CMOS checkup			
B0	Spurious	If interrupt occurs in protected mode.			
B1	Unclaimed NMI	If unmasked NMI occurs, display Press F1 to disable NMI, F2 reboot.			
BF	Program MCP	To program chipset from defaults values			
E1-EF	Setup Pages	E1- Page 1, E2 - Page 2, etc.			
FF	Boot				

EVGA Glossary of Terms

- ACPI Advanced Configuration and Power Interface
- AFR Alternate Frame Rendering
- APIC Advanced Programmable Interrupt Controller
- BIOS Basic Input Output System
- CD-ROM Compact Disc Read-Only Memory
- CMOS Complementary Metal-Oxide Semiconductor
- CPU Central Processing Unit
- D-ICE Dry Ice Cooling
- DDR2 Double Data Rate 2
- DDR3 Double Data Rate 3
- DIMM Dual In-line Memory Module
- DRAM Dynamic random access memory
- DVD Digital Versatile Disc
- DVI Digital Video Interface
- FDC Floppy Disk Controller
- FSB Front Side Bus
- FTW For The Win!
- GHz Gigahertz
- GPU Graphics Processing Unit
- HDD Hard Disk Drive
- HDMI High-Definition Multimedia Interface
- HDR High Dynamic Range Lighting
- HPET High Precision Event Timer
- HT Hyper-Threading
- HSF Heat Sink Fan
- I/O Input/Output
- IDE Integrated Drive Electronics

- IEEE Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers
- IGP Integrated Graphics Processors
- IRQ Interrupt Request
- JBOD Just a Bunch of Disks
- JEDEC Joint Electron Device Engineering Council
- LAN Local Area Network
- LCD Liquid Crystal Display
- LGA Land Grid Array
- LN2 Liquid Nitrogen Cooling
- MAC Media Access Control
- MCP Media and Communications Processor
- MHz Megahertz
- NB Northbridge
- NCQ Native Command Queuing
- NIC Network Interface Card
- NTFS New Technology File System
- **OEM Original Equipment Manufacturer**
- PATA Parallel Advanced Technology Attachment
- PCB Printed Circuit Board
- PCI Peripheral Component Interconnect
- PCIe Peripheral Component Interconnect Express
- PCI-x Peripheral Component Interconnect Extended
- POST Power on Self Test
- PWM Pulse Width Modulation
- QDR Quad Data Rate
- QPI Quick Path Interconnect
- RAID Redundant Array of Inexpensive Disks
- RGB Red Green Blue
- SATA Serial Advanced Technology Attachment
- SB Southbridge
- SCSI Small Computer System Interface
- SFR Split Frame Rendering

- SLI Scalable Link Interface
- SPD Serial Presence Detect
- SPDIF Sony/Philips Digital Interconnect Format
- SPP System Platform Processors
- TCP/IP Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol
- USB Universal Serial Bus
- VDroop V-core Voltage Drop
- VGA Video Graphics Array